PATENT COOPERATION TREATY PCT

REC'D 0.8 NOV 2004

WIPÓ

PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference PF020098			nt's file reference	FOR FURTHER ACTION See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)				
International application No. PCT/EP 03/50325				International filing date (c) 21.07.2003	lay/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year) 30.07.2002		
	ational Q9/40		nt Classification (IPC) or be	oth national classification ar	nd IPC			
Applio THO		N LI	CENSING S.A et al.					
1.	 This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36. 							
2.	2. This REPORT consists of a total of 5 sheets, including this cover sheet.							
	This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e. sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT).							
	Thes	e anı	nexes consist of a total	of 2 sheets.	•			
					•			
3.	This	repoi	t contains indications re	elating to the following ite	ems:			
	1	\boxtimes	Basis of the opinion					
	H		Priority					
	111				ovelty, inventive step	and industrial applicability		
	IV		Lack of unity of inven	tion		thus at an an industrial amplicability		
	٧	\boxtimes	Reasoned statement citations and explana	under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) wi tions supporting such sta	th regard to noverty, if atement	nventive step or industrial applicability;		
	VI		Certain documents ci					
	VII			international application				
	VIII			on the international appl				
					•			
Date of submission of the demand				Date of completion of t	his report			
11.02.2004				05.11.2004				
Name and malling address of the international				nal	Authorized Officer	Stubbes Paterrany		
preliminary examining authority: European Patent Office D-80298 Munich Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 523656 epmu d Fax: +49 89 2399 - 4465			656 epmu d	Kruck, P Telephone No. +49 89	2399-7129			

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/EP 03/50325

I.	Basis	of the	e report
----	--------------	--------	----------

 With regard to the elements of the international application (Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17)):

	Des	escription, Pages							
	1-6		as originally filed						
	Clai	me Numbere							
Claims, Numbers			received on 14.08.2004 with letter of 30.07.2004						
	1-8		1909/VEG 011 14.00.2004 With letter 01 00.07.2004						
	Dra	wings, Sheets							
	1/3-	3/3	as originally filed						
2.	With	n regard to the langua juage in which the into	age, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the ernational application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.						
٠	The	nese elements were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is:							
		the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b							
		the language of publication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).							
		the language of a tra Rule 55.2 and/or 55.3	anslation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under 3).						
3.	With inte	n regard to any nucle rnational preliminary o	ectide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:						
		contained in the international application in written form.							
		filed together with the	e international application in computer readable form.						
		furnished subsequer	ntly to this Authority in written form.						
		furnished subsequer	ntly to this Authority in computer readable form.						
		The statement that to in the international a	he subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure application as filed has been furnished.						
		The statement that t listing has been furn	he information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence ished.						
4.	The	amendments have r	esulted in the cancellation of:						
		the description,	pages:						
		the claims,	Nos.:						
		the drawings,	sheets:						

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/EP 03/50325

5. 🗆	This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)).	made, since they	nave
	(4	ritem 1 and anne	xed to

(Any replacement sheet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this report.)

6. Additional observations, if necessary:

V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N) Yes: Claims 1-8

No: Claims

Inventive step (IS) Yes: Claims

No: Claims 1-8

Industrial applicability (IA) Yes: Claims 1-8

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations

see separate sheet

EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET

Referring to Item I: Basis of the report

The amendments filed with the letter dated 30.07.2004 introduce subject-matter which extends beyond the content of the application as filed, contrary to Article 34(2)(b) PCT. The amendments concerned relate to independent method type Claim 5 and dependent Claim 6. These claims present a manufacturing process of a broadband antenna according to the second embodiment (cf. Fig. 4) comprising a step of injection molding, whereas in the application as filed this antenna is made by machining of a block (see description page 6, lines 11-12).

Referring to Item V: Reasoned statement under Article 35 (2) PCT with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

Reference is made to the following documents:

D1: US-A-2 239 724 (LINDENBLAD NILS E) 29 April 1941 (1941-04-29)

D2: US-A-4 788 554 (SMITH EDWARD W) 29 November 1988 (1988-11-29)

D3: GB-A-2 105 914 (MARCONI CO LTD) 30 March 1983 (1983-03-30)

D4: US-A-2 454 766 (BRILLOUIN LEON N) 30 November 1948 (1948-11-30)

D5: EP-A-1 189 305 (ZENDAR SPA) 20 March 2002 (2002-03-20)

1. **Inventive Step**

- The subject-matter of Claim 1 does not appear to involve an inventive step (Article 1.1 33 (3) PCT). D1, which is considered to represent the most relevant state of the art, discloses a broadband monopole antenna comprising a cup-shaped radiating element (D1, Fig. 10, 51) mounted on an earth plane forming support of annular shape (D1, Fig. 10, 52), said radiating element being formed by a hollow element of metallizable material (D1, Fig. 1, page 4, left-hand column, line 37 and lines 43-45). Consequently, the present formulation of the subject-matter of Claim 1 differs from the antenna disclosed in D1 only in that radiating element and earth plane forming support are integrally formed on a hollow element of metallizable plastic or foam. However, such an integral formation is well known to the skilled person in the field of broadband monopole antennas (cf. D5, Fig. 2, 1, 2, 4, 12; Fig. 3, 1, 2, 4', 12) in order to achieve compactness and ease of manufacture of the antenna. Therefore, the integral formation of a cup-shaped radiating element and earth plane forming support on a plastic element is regarded as a straightforward design possibility, the skilled person would readily select without the need of inventive skill.
- 1.2 Furthermore, the subject-matter of independent method type Claims 5, 7 and dependent Claims 6, 8 does not appear to involve an inventive step.
 - As to Claim 5, an injection molding process followed by metallization steps such



as plating, is a state-of-the-art technique well known to the skilled person in the manufacturing of shaped antenna elements, (cf. D2, column 2, lines 64-66; column 3, lines 1-4; Fig. 3, cup-shaped antenna element 10). This objection applies equally to Claim 6, being dependent on Claim 5.

As to Claim 7, 8, a manufacturing process, wherein a shaped antenna element is made by machining a block of plastic material, followed by a metallization step such as vapour deposition, is a straightforward process well known to the skilled person (cf. D3, page 2, left-hand column, lines 20-25, lines 30-34; Fig. 1, cupshaped antenna element 1).

It is to be noted, that the subject-matter of independent method type Claims 5 and 7, referring back to apparatus Claims 1-4, is not clear. It appears, that these claims relate to a production method for forming an antenna structure according to the embodiment shown in Fig. 4 and described on page 6, lines 9-22 of the description. A metallization step applied to the "exterior surface of the "cup"-shaped element" as set out in these claims, would cover the outer peripheral area of the block 10 (see Fig. 4), thus rendering the antenna structure inoperable.

- 1.3 Finally, dependent Claims 2, 3, 4 do not appear to contain any additional features which, in combination with the features of any claim to which they refer, involve an inventive step:
 - Claim 2: The profiles of the continuously curved antenna element and the earth plane forming support of D1 assure impedance matching of the antenna over a wide frequency range. A profile of the antenna element following the formulas set out in Claim 2 would be one out of several design possibilities for the skilled person to achieve wide band impedance matching, without the exercise of inventive skill (cf. D1, page 3, left-hand column, lines 28-29; D4; Fig. 1, 10, 12).
 - Claims 3, 4: An earth plane forming support of annular shape comprising a circular annulus forming a semi-toroidal element is known from D1 (D1, Fig. 10, 52, 53; page 3, right-hand column, lines 9-10);

- 1 Broadband monopole antenna, comprising a radiating element (11) mounted on an earth plane forming support (12) of annular shape, characterized in that the radiating element is constituted by a hollow element having a "cup" shape integral with the earth plane forming support, said radiating element and said support being made on the basis of a metallizable plastic or foam.
- 2 Antenna according to Claim 1, characterized in that the external profile of the "cup"-shaped radiating element is given by the following equations:

For 1.3<t<4.075

consists of a circular annulus (3a).

5

15

20

25

30

$$x(t) = 8 + 1.9 * t * Cos (t - 7)$$
$$z(t) = 2.5 + 12.5 \frac{Sin(t)}{t}$$

- 3 Antenna according to any one of Claims 1 and 2, characterized in that the earth plane forming support (3) of annular shape
 - 4 Antenna according to Claim 3, characterized in that the external end of the annulus is inwardly curved in such a way as to form a semi-toroidal element.
 - 5 Process for manufacturing an antenna according to any one of Claims 1 to 4, characterized in that the "cup"-shaped radiating element and the earth plane forming support are made by injection moulding of a plastic followed by the metallization of at least the exterior surface of the "cup"-shaped element and of the part forming earth plane.

004

5

10

electrochemical process.

- 6 Process according to Claim 5, characterized in that the metallization is achieved by vacuum spraying of the metal or by an
- 7 Process for manufacturing an antenna according to any one of Claims 1 to 4, characterized in that the "cup"-shaped radiating element and the earth plane forming support are made by machining a single block of plastic foam followed by the metallization of at least the exterior surface of the "cup"-shaped element and of the part forming earth plane.
- 8 Process according to Claim 7, characterized in that the metallization is achieved by atomization of an electrically conducting paint.